# Quarterly Report

(56th Term 1st Quarter)

Started October 1, 2021 Ended December 31, 2021

## **TKC** Corporation

1758 Tsurutamachi, Utsunomiya-shi, Tochigi

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#### Section 1 [Information on the Company]

#### Part 1 [Overview of the Company]

1 [Key Financial Data]

Term & Period		55th Term 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period	56th Term 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period	55th Term
Accounting perio	od	Started October 1, 2020; ended December 31, 2020	Started October 1, 2021; ended December 31, 2021	Started October 1, 2020; ended September 30, 2021
Net sales	(millions of yen)	14,837	15,292	66,221
Ordinary income	(millions of yen)	2,816	3,242	12,673
Quarterly (current) net income attributable to owners of parent	(millions of yen)	1,873	2,228	8,686
Quarterly comprehensive income or comprehensive income	(millions of yen)	2,213	2,117	9,839
Net assets	(millions of yen)	77,291	82,409	83,416
Total assets	(millions of yen)	93,799	98,860	103,406
Quarterly (current) net income per share	(yen)	35.64	42.41	164.93
Quarterly (current) diluted net income per share	(yen)	_	_	_
Equity ratio	(%)	82.4	83.4	80.7

(Notes) 1. Changes in key financial data, etc. of the Company are not stated here, as they are included in the Company's quarterly consolidated financial statements.

2. The Company maintains a Board Incentive Plan (BIP) Trust and records the stocks held by said Trust as treasury stocks. Accordingly, for the purpose of calculating the quarterly (current) net income per share, they are included in the treasury stocks to be deducted in calculating the average number of shares outstanding.

- 3. The quarterly (current) diluted net income per share is not stated as there were no dilutive shares.
- 4. The Company conducted a stock split of its common shares at a ratio of 1:2 as of April 1, 2021. The quarterly (current) net income per share has been calculated assuming that the stock split was conducted at the beginning of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

#### 2 [Description of Business]

There are no significant changes in the description of business operated by the TKC Group (TKC Corporation and its affiliated companies) for the current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period. There are no changes in the major affiliated companies.

#### Part 2 [Business Overview]

1 [Risk Factors]

There are no risks pertaining to new business operations, etc. arisen during the current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period. There are no significant changes in risks regarding business operations, etc. described in the annual securities report of the previous fiscal year.

#### 2 [Management Analysis of Consolidated Financial Conditions, Operating Results, and Cash Flows]

I. Operating Results

The Japanese economy during the 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period under review ("current 1st Quarter") has seen gradual recovery as the fifth wave of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic peaked out. Meanwhile, the spread of omicron variant abroad, rise in costs of materials and components due to the fragmented supply chain, soaring crude oil prices, etc. are gradually posing serious impacts on future economic activities.

In such situations, the Japanese government is aiming to resume the socio-economic activities by preparing various measures to support the people and SMEs such as offering booster vaccination. The Group continued to contribute to the local communities and society by quickly complying with such governmental initiatives and offering compatible systems and services.

The Accounting Firm Business Division continued to support certified public tax accountants and certified public accountants that are customers of TKC (hereinafter, "TKC Members") in their efforts to provide their clients with financing and managerial advisory services as escort supporters of SMEs. We also support SMEs in going digital and reducing the burdens of accounting operations by providing cloud-based accounting systems.

The Local Governments Business Division quickly provided services in response to the release of the administrative circular "Printing and Mailing of Vaccination Vouchers, etc. for COVID-19 Vaccine Booster Shots (3rd Dose)" on October 20, 2021 from the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, including services for the production of COVID-19 vaccination vouchers and provision of vaccination reservation & registration systems, thereby supporting customer local municipalities in their COVID-19 vaccination projects.

As a result of these activities, the operating results for the 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period under review ("current 1st Quarter") of the consolidated Group comprising TKC Corporation and its six consolidated subsidiaries recorded a net sales of 15,292 million yen (increased 3.1% year-on-year), operating income of 3,091 million yen (increased 15.7% year-on-year), ordinary income of 3,242 million yen (increased 15.1% year-on-year), and quarterly net income attributable to owners of parent of 2,228 million yen (increased 18.9% year-on-year).

Net sales for the current 1st Quarter by business division are shown below.

- 1. Results of operation for the 1st Quarter
- (1) Net sales of the Accounting Firm Business Division

Net sales of the Accounting Firm BD were 10,638 million yen (increased 0.1% year-on-year); operating income was 2,807 million yen (increased 6.6% year-on-year). Breakdown of sales is as follows:

- (i) Sales from computer services increased by 3.7% year-on-year. Medium-size companies are rapidly working towards digital transformation (DX), and in such climate, this was attributable to the continuing growth in number of implementations of the FX4 Cloud Integrated Accounting Information System for mid-size companies, which enables the linking of sales management systems, salary calculation systems and other business systems with accounting data, and the increase in the number of accounting firms adopting the Office Management System (OMS Cloud) for Tax Accounting Firms and the OMS Mobile which allows them to work using the OMS from home or outside their offices.
- (ii) Software sales increased by 2.5% year-on-year. This was attributable to increase in clients who began using the FX Cloud series to comply with the Revised Electronic Books Maintenance Act of Japan enacted as of January 1, 2022. The FX Cloud series meet the legal requirements of superior electronic books and come equipped with documented evidence storage functions as standard feature.
- (iii)Sales from consulting services increased 1.1% year-on-year. This was due to strong sales of the FX4 Cloud, leading to increase in orders for system launch support services.
- (iv) Hardware sales decreased by 20.5% year-on-year. This was due to decrease in number of PC sales, as Internet banking services offered by financial institutions are not yet compatible with Windows 11 and customers are still waiting to replace their PCs to the newest models.
- (v) Sales from supplies decreased by 10.4% year-on-year. While sales of office equipment for remote works and COVID-19

infection prevention goods were strong, more clients are now using self-accounting and moving to paperless operations, and demands for paper accounting supplies and printing-related consumables have declined.

- (vi) Improvement in operating income year-on-year was a result of increase in sales of computer services and software with higher profit margins, while sales of hardware and office supplies with lower profit margins decreased from the previous year.
- (2) Net sales of the Local Governments Business Division

Net sales of the Local Governments BD were 3,907 million yen (increased 10.9% year-on-year); operating income was 354 million yen (increased 67.0% year-on-year). Breakdown of sales is as follows:

- (i) Sales from computer services increased by 13.7% year-on-year. This was driven by increase in data center usage fees by new clients whose systems ordered in the previous fiscal year were fully launched, new contracts for printing of vouchers, etc., for COVID-19 vaccine booster shots (3rd dose), and new contracts for production of entry tickets, etc., for the election of members of the House of Representatives.
- (ii) Software sales increased by 10.1% year-on-year. This was due to new contracts for revision of system for special cash payments to support households raising children, and increase in software usage fees by new clients whose systems ordered in the previous fiscal year were fully launched.
- (iii)Sales from consulting services increased 66.4% year-on-year. This was a result of increase in sales from system implementation support fees from orders for new services.
- (iv) Hardware sales decreased by 4.4% year-on-year. Sales were impacted from delay in delivery of office equipment due to global shortage of semiconductors.
- (v) The increase in operating income year-on-year was a result of new contracts for services for the production of notices for the above-mentioned COVID-19 vaccination projects, and increase in data center service usage fees and software usage fees.
- (3) Net sales of the Printing Business Division (Subsidiary: TLP Corporation)

Net sales of the Printing BD were 746 million yen (increased 9.3% year-on-year); operating loss was 62 million yen (operating loss was 170 million yen in the 1st quarter of the previous fiscal year). Breakdown of sales is as follows:

- (i) Sales of data printing service-related products increased by 30.9% year-on-year. While demands for direct mail communication among private enterprises have not recovered yet due to impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, the increase was due to winning contracts for the printing of entry tickets for the election of members of the House of Representatives, vouchers for COVID-19 vaccination by local municipalities, and notices for special cash payments for households raising children.
- Business form-related sales decreased by 9.9% year-on-year. This is due to the trends for digitalization, decreasing demands for business forms as a result of digital transformation initiatives by client companies.
- (iii)Sales of printing of commercial-use creative materials (catalogs, books, etc.) increased by 20.9% year-on-year. This was due to winning many new contracts for the printing of books and other materials explaining the new system under the Revised Electronic Books Maintenance Act and new invoicing system, despite decrease in demands for various printed materials used in events and seminars impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
- 2. Important matters with respect to the Company as a whole
- (1) Prevention of COVID-19 infection and actions for new working styles

As the outlook for the containment of COVID-19 pandemic is still unpredictable, the Company is taking the following infection prevention measures and adaptation to new working styles in order to continue the provision of services to its customers:

- (i) To enable customers to continue using our cloud services, business form printing services, and help desk services, we are continuing to strengthen our business continuity measures (including prohibiting the entry of outside personnel at important offices and developing the infrastructure for remote access to the data center).
- (ii) By introducing teleworking and staggered working hour programs, in principle we encourage employees in areas subject to declaration of state of emergency and pre-emergency measures to work from home. We also make it a general rule to utilize Web meeting systems for customer support and business meetings.
- (2) Selection of Prime Market for the new market segment

The Company resolved at the meeting of the Board of Directors held in November 2021, to select the Prime Market under the new market segments on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc.

(3) Disclosure of Sustainability Policy

In hope to hand over a sustainable society to the next generations, the Company is engaged in various social contribution activities. We undertake activities in the academic and educational fields including exhibits of tax-related literature and materials that are relevant to our business activities, and also provide support to promote sports and culture in our hometown, Tochigi Prefecture. On December 17, 2021, we formulated the Sustainability Policy setting forth the action guidelines for these initiatives, and made it available through our website.

(4) Launched the OMS Electronic Signature System

Starting in December 2021, we began offering the OMS Electronic Signature System for users of the OMS Cloud system for accounting firms. This System enables accounting firms and client companies to use electronic signatures in obtaining mutual consent on consulting contracts, acknowledgment letters, confirmation letters, etc. to be entered between them.

3. Business activities and operating results of the Accounting Firm Business Division

The Accounting Firm BD operates in accordance with the business objectives set forth in the Articles of Incorporation (Article 2, Paragraph 1: Management of electronic data processing centers to defend the business domain and maintain control over the fate of accounting firms) and works under close ties with the TKC National Federation (TKCNF), which consists of 11,500 certified public tax accountants and certified public accountants (as of December 31, 2021) that are customers of TKC.

- (1) Activities to achieve "positive balance" and "proper filing"
  - (i) Support of SMEs affected by COVID-19 pandemic

During the current 1st Quarter under review, the Company aggressively engaged in support activities under the policy to focus all its effort on supporting TKC Members and their clients.

1) Provision of the latest information to TKC Members

To accurately and quickly deliver information on SME support policies released by the national government and SME support organizations to TKC Members, the Company offers on-demand webinars on the latest information and systems over the exclusive Intranet (ProFIT) for TKC Members. We began this activity on February 25, 2020, and posted a total of 256 entries as of the end of December 2021.

2) Offering of "COVID-19 management support information & emergency financial measures" corner

The Company developed a special website where TKC Members can check SME support policies offered by the national governments, prefectural governments, as well as cities with a population of 40,000 or greater, and financial institutions under the categories: Loans, Employment, Subsidies, and Taxation. TKC Members are able to send out information on emergency financial measures widely across clients and other SMEs. As of the end of December 2021, the website had 7,734 entries on support policies and is the largest database dedicated to SME support policies in Japan.

The corner has been updated twice a week since the launch to ensure that the latest information is available at all times.

3) Upgrading of check function for clients requiring emergency support

The Company provides check function for clients requiring emergency support on the Tax Accountants Office Management system (OMS Cloud). The function enables automatic evaluation of eligibility of each client in the form of a checklist of various governmental emergency economic policies, special loans by government-affiliated financial institutions and other SME support policies. We update the function each time the eligibility requirements for new subsidies and emergency loans are made available, and offer the capability to extract eligible clients with a single click.

4) Provision of TKC Monthly Indicators (Monthly BAST)

We offer our TKC Monthly Indicators (hereinafter "Monthly BAST") free of charge. Monthly BAST is a statistical summary unprecedented in Japan which contains the monthly settlement data of over 250,000 companies. The reliability of the monthly settlements contained is verified through the monthly field audits conducted by TKC Members. Users can view the latest information on the shift of sales and loans, etc. of companies, on a nation-wide scale or by prefecture, by annual revenue, or by industry. The Monthly BAST is utilized by those in charge of supporting SMEs at financial institutions and administrative agencies, and economists analyzing the trends of SMEs, in determining measures to support SMEs going forward.

- (ii) Sales activities to achieve TKCNF's Strategic Targets 2021
  - 1) Promotion of TKC Monitoring Information Service

TKC Monitoring Information Service is a free cloud-based service in which the TKC Members, upon request by the management of their clients, provide to financial institutions such information as monthly trial balance sheets, financial statements and tax returns prepared by TKC Member firms after monthly field audits and monthly settlements. Monthly trial balance sheets will be made available immediately upon completion of the monthly settlement, and financial statements and tax returns are disclosed immediately after the client electronically files its financial documents to the tax authorities.

While promoting the TKC Monitoring Information Service, the Company communicated to financial institutions that the reliability of financial statements prepared by SMEs can be verified by the following three documents:

i. Supporting documents submitted by TKC Members as provided for under Article 33-2 of the Certified Public Tax Accountant Act of Japan

ii. Certificate of Bookkeeping Timeliness, with which TKC Corporation certifies the timeliness in the preparation of accounting books as required under Article 432 of the Companies Act of Japan and the connection between the financial statements and tax returns for the past three years

iii. The Chusho Kaikei Yoryo checklist developed by the Japan Federation of Certified Public Tax Accountants' Associations and Japan Federation of Credit Guarantee Corporations

As a result of these activities, the number of financial institutions adopting this Service is increasing rapidly, adopted by 470 financial institutions including all local banks throughout Japan (64 institutions) as of December 31, 2021. Also, as of December 31, 2021, we largely surpassed the target of 280,000 cases set in TKCNF's Strategic Targets 2021, and achieved over 290,000 cases.

While the issue of excessive debt of SMEs is gradually surfacing amidst the pandemic, our TKC Monitoring Information Service, which can quickly provide monthly trial balance sheets, financial statements, and tax returns, is gaining high acclaims from financial institutions and credit guarantee corporations that are striving to support the businesses of SMEs. This service is expected to serve as a bridge between financial institutions and TKC Members in their efforts to support the businesses of SMEs.

2) Promotion of self-accounting by the TKC methods (promotion of FX series)

Many SMEs are in need to plan for repaying the virtually interest-free, no-collateral loans from government-affiliated and private financial institutions. Recognizing these needs, during the current fiscal year, we continued to provide support for the utilization of functions for the management strategy level (budget registration, management by division, financing results spreadsheet) incorporated in the FX series. In order for management to utilize these functions effectively, they need to enter the accounting transaction data in a timely and accurate manner, so the Company also provided support on functions for daily task level, including support for the bank credit data receiving function to receive bank deposit transaction data through online banking and generate journal entries automatically, and the linking of salary journal with the strategic salary information system (PX2).

We also found that management using FX Cloud series, our cloud-based financial accounting system, tends to access the system quite frequently to check the performance. The advantage of cloud is utilized, in that managers can access the system from their own PCs. By offering assistance to implement the FX Cloud series, the Company will work to support SMEs in achieving "positive balance" and "proper filing."

As a result of these activities, the FX series has been implemented by more than 290,000 companies as of December 31, 2021.

#### 3) Supporting complete compliance with the Electronic Books Maintenance Act of Japan

The requirements for the retention of electronic books have been eased in the Revised Electronic Books Maintenance Act enacted as of January 1, 2022. With this, there will be a distinction among electronic books (which are electromagnetic records of national tax-related books): (a) "superior electronic books" that contain the history of additions, deletions and revisions to the accounting data (traceable) (electronic books that satisfy the requirements of Article 2 and Article 5 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the revised Act); and (b) "other electronic books" that are prepared using accounting software that do not keep record of such additions/deletions/revisions (electronic books that satisfy only the requirements of Article 2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the revised Act). This legal reform negates "the power of evidence" of the books, and the acceptance of such "other electronic books" implies that the government has approved the use of accounting software that might enable falsification of books. To counter this issue, the Company supports the implementation of the FX series for the preparation of "superior electronic books" on a national level.

In addition, electronic retention of electromagnetic transaction data will be mandated under the Revised Electronic Books Maintenance Act. While recording in paper form will be accepted up to December 2023, all business operators must comply with the obligation within two years. As of January 2022, the FX series has been equipped with a standard function to enable electronic storage of transaction data in electromagnetic form.

4) Supporting complete compliance with the new invoicing system

A new invoicing system will be implemented on October 1, 2023. Taxable business entities must prepare for the new invoicing system by the time the new system comes into effect, including application for registration as qualified invoice issuer, preparation for issuing qualified invoices, and gaining knowledge on bookkeeping from qualified invoices. To enable accounting firms to provide smooth support to SMEs, we are developing on-demand seminars, offering reference materials, and planning other supports.

5) Soliciting new members (promotion of joining TKCNF)

TKCNF has been engaged in a project to increase TKC membership to over 10,000 firms by the end of December 2021. The Company worked closely with the New Members Service Committee and other members of TKCNF in soliciting new members through activities such as active hosting of webinars to achieve this goal.

As a result of these activities, the number of TKC Member firms totaled approximately 9,800 accounting firms (11,500 accountants) as of December 31, 2021. The difference in numbers of firms and accountants are because some firms have multiple accountants who are members.

(2) Activities to support the preparation of highly reliable financial statements based on timely and accurate bookkeeping

(i) Support activities for diffusion of Chusho Kaikei Yoryo (Guidelines for SME accounting)

The TKCNF recommends the use of Basic Guidelines with Respect to the Accounting Procedures at Small- and Medium-sized Enterprises (hereinafter, "Chusho Kaikei Yoryo" (Guidelines for SME Accounting)) formulated in February 2012 with which SME clients should comply.

These Guidelines have been formulated based on the following principles: i) accounting that helps to grasp the company's business situation; ii) accounting that contributes to providing information to stakeholders (financial institutions, etc.); iii) accounting that complies with the Ordinance on Company Accounting while achieving harmony between accounting and taxation system; and iv) accounting that does not place excessive burden on SMEs.

In order to support the activities of the TKCNF towards the diffusion and utilization of the Guidelines, the Company continues to promote the development of training materials and to strengthen collaboration with other organizations supporting SMEs.

(ii) Issuance of Certificate of Bookkeeping Timeliness

The Company utilizes the processing log data and historical time series data that are automatically logged at our data centers when TKC Members access our accounting system to issue a Certificate of Bookkeeping Timeliness free of charge. This Certificate serves as reference for financial institutions and other third parties to objectively evaluate the business performance of TKC Member firms.

This service was developed in an aim to improve reliability of financial statements and tax returns prepared by TKC Members and to provide a passport for smooth financing to the clients of TKC Members. This utilizes the features of the Company's financial accounting processing at TKC data centers, which prohibits any retroactive insertions, deletions and corrections to past data, and TKC Corporation proves, as a third party, that TKC Members have visited clients on a monthly basis to provide guidance on accurate bookkeeping (monthly Field Audits), and that all work processes from monthly settlements to the final settlement of accounts and electronic tax filings have been completed by a one-stop, full line process in a timely manner.

For private businesses who will be using the TKC systems for accounting and tax return process and receiving the issuance of Certificate of Bookkeeping Timeliness (for private businesses) starting in January 2023, we have enhanced the functions to enable them to submit their blue returns and other documents to financial institutions. We will support private businesses in strengthening their collaboration with financial institutions.

(3) Expansion into large-scale enterprise market

By utilizing the TKC systems, the Company contributes to the compliance and rationalization of tax and accounting operations of large enterprises, mainly of listed companies, and is actively working to solicit these companies and their affiliates to become clients of TKC Members.

(i) Responding to the Group Tax Sharing System

The Company has been providing aggressive support to large enterprises with a capital of more than 100 million yen or greater in complying with the new obligation to use electronic tax filing. Through such activities, approximately 36% of the 22,000 some companies with a capital of 100 million yen or greater now use our ASP1000R electronic tax filing system for corporations and the eConsoliTax consolidated tax payment system as of the end of December 2021.

Also, the consolidated taxation system will be reformed and the group tax sharing system will apply to the fiscal year starting after April 1, 2022. Under the group tax sharing system, filing of corporate income taxes, etc. must be processed electronically.

Based on the expertise accumulated to date, the Company is developing a new service to facilitate compliance with the group tax sharing system, and works closely with TKCNF's Medium- and Large-sized Companies Support Council (1,524 members as of the end of December 2021) in providing support to ensure these companies to switch smoothly to the mandated taxation system.

(ii) Responding to the Revised Electronic Books Maintenance Act and Consumption Tax Invoicing System

The requirements for retention of electronic books have been eased in the Revised Electronic Books Maintenance Act of Japan enacted as of January 2022, and at the same time, electronic retention of electromagnetic transaction data has been mandated. Moreover, the consumption tax invoicing system will be implemented in October 2023. To provide support for compliance with these legal reforms, we started providing a new service called Invoice Manager in January 2022.

(iii)Support for managing the performance of foreign subsidiaries

Companies having business abroad are restricted from traveling overseas due to COVID-19 pandemic, and are facing challenges in managing the performance of their foreign subsidiaries and ensuring governance. More and more companies facing such hardship are implementing our OBMonitor overseas business monitoring system, as it is a cloud service that allows companies to check the financial data of their foreign subsidiaries from their offices in Japan. The number of users of the OBMonitor reached 1,200 companies, and it is currently used in 37 countries around the world.

As a result of these activities, the number of corporate groups using the TKC Consolidated Group Solution counted approximately 4,864 corporate groups as of December 31, 2021. With this, our systems are adopted by 91% of the 100 largest Japanese listed companies by sales amount. The market shares among Japanese listed companies reached 41%.

(4) Expansion of markets for legal information database services

(i) Increase of user base of TKC Law Library

Many customers of the TKC Law Library including law firms and corporate legal departments now operate online due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Because users are unable to conduct research at data rooms or libraries, the TKC Law Library which offers access to laws and regulations, judicial precedents, bibliographic information references and also contents of major specialized law magazines, any time, from any place is now earning greater reputation. As a result, the numbers of users and contracts to access additional contents have grown.

Also, in June 2021, the Company launched a new optional service of the TKC Law Library called the Legal Book Search which allows users to access PDF versions of specialized books on laws, accounting, tax accounting, business management, etc. This service is a fixed rate service for attorneys to access the free book search functions and view (for fee) the PDF versions on their tablets and PCs.

In the current 1st Quarter, as a result of online promotional activities towards TKC Member firms, universities, law schools, government offices, law firms, patent offices, corporate legal departments, and customers, the number of users exceeded 56,000 IDs and the Library is used by over 23,000 institutions as of December 31, 2021.

(ii) Progress in the academic market

Due to the impacts of COVID-19, many universities and law schools continue to conduct hybrid-style classes combining faceto-face and online lectures or full online classes after October 2021. Our systems, such as the TKC Educational and Research Support System and TKC Law Library, can be accessed online and used anytime, anywhere. They contain a huge number of diverse contents compared to those of other companies, and include various functions such as report generation, exercises and testing. These features are being reconsidered as tools to support online classes and learning for faculty and students. To date, the Company conducts web meetings with various universities as needed, and continues to provide support in the development of online learning environments tailored to meet the situation of each university.

Also, the online study tools (for civil service examination, practical business law examination, and jurisprudence examination) offered mainly to the faculty of law of universities have been adopted by 26 universities as of December 31, 2021. Currently, many qualification examinations are adopting computer-based testing (CBT/IBT method). We will promote the use of our online testing functions and other effective online study tools to prepare for computer-based examinations among examination bodies and applicants.

4. Business activities and operating results of the Local Governments Business Division

The Local Governments BD operates in accordance with the business objectives set forth in the Articles of Incorporation (Article 2 Item 2: "Management of electronic data processing centers to improve the administrative efficiency of local governments") and offers specialized information services in order to help promote the welfare of residents by improving administrative efficiency.

(1) Development and provision of mission-critical system-related services

The Company provides TKC Government Cloud Service to municipalities (mainly for cities, wards, towns and villages). This is a cloud service that consists of the TASK Cloud Service which supports mission-critical functions and information services within agencies, and the TASK Outsourcing Service which supports massive batch output and processing of tax papers and other documents.

Our TASK Cloud Service is a single version package system operated at TKC data centers that is designed to allow shared use by multiple institutions. Service fees are charged in the form of fixed rate subscription fee depending on the scale of the municipality, which also include one regular upgrade per year. Acknowledged for these benefits, the TASK Cloud Service has been adopted by approximately 170 local municipalities as of December 31, 2021.

In the current 1st Quarter, we provided these client municipalities with aggressive support for their vaccination projects by promptly offering systems for the COVID-19 Vaccine Booster Shots (3rd Dose).

(2) Support for digitalization of administrative services

In an aim to contribute to promoting digital transformation of local governments, the Company provides administrative service digitalization support solutions which support governments to achieve "no visiting, no waiting, no writing" administrative counter services.

In this 1st Quarter, we greatly enhanced the functionalities of the TASK Cloud Easy Counter Service System, the TASK Cloud My Number Card Issuance Reservation and Management System, and the TASK Cloud Smart Application System.

As a result of aggressive promotional activities of these services, the TASK Cloud Smart Application System has been adopted by approximately 20 agencies including government ordinance-designated cities such as Osaka, Yokohama, and Sakai cities, the TASK Cloud Easy Counter Service System is used by nearly 30 agencies, and the TASK Cloud My Number Card Issuance Reservation and Management System is adopted by almost 100 agencies as of December 31, 2021.

(3) Support for digitalization of local tax administrations

The Company is an authorized contractor of the Local Tax Agency, and provides a cloud-based service for the standard systems such as inspection system for eLTAX (local tax portal system) offered by the Agency. We also develop and provide Data Connection Services as our own functionality to connect the individual tax systems of each municipality.

These services are proposed in collaboration with 50 partner companies with whom we have on-going alliance partner agreements. As a result, our TASK Cloud Local Taxes Electronic Filing Support Service is currently used by approximately 780 agencies which account for more than 40% of all prefectures and local municipalities as of December 31, 2021.

In the current 1st Quarter, we worked to enhance the functionalities of our proprietary data connection services, as well as engaged in aggressive promotional activities and implementation support together with our partner companies.

(4) Response to standardized local public accounting

The Company provides the TASK Cloud Public Accounting System, as local public accounting systems integrated with financial accounting system which is compatible with the daily journalizing method encouraged by the Japanese government, and its related systems TASK Cloud Non-current Assets Control System and TASK Cloud Consolidated Financial Statement Preparing System.

There is a section in the report by the Study Group on the Promotion of Local Public Accounting (FY2019) released by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications in March 2020 that suggests: "It is believed that smooth implementation of the daily journalizing method and reduction of checking tasks in year-end bulk journalizing can be achieved by implementing a local public accounting system that has an integrated financial accounting system, linking, in advance, the expenditure items with account headings, and by establishing a system that can journalize and convert the budget items automatically upon budget execution. It may also be possible to streamline the ledger registration tasks by linking and integrating the data in the public domain ledger and data in the fixed assets ledger."

In light of these governmental policies, we encourage municipalities to consider implementing the TASK Cloud Public Accounting System upon updating their system. It is a local public accounting system that is compatible with the daily journalizing method recommended by the Japanese government.

In the current 1st Quarter, we started providing the next generation version of public accounting system with enhanced functions to help the municipalities achieve sustainable administrative management including features such as accurate visualization of financial status and utilization of accounting data.

As a result, our local public accounting systems are adopted by approximately 290 agencies as of December 31, 2021.

(5) Research and development of next-generation products

The COVID-19 pandemic has highlighted the delay in digitalization and moving online in administrative areas. In response, the

government formulated the Basic Policy on Economic and Fiscal Management and Reform 2020 (Cabinet Decision of July 2020) in which it positioned all-out promotion of a digital government as top priority, and accelerated its efforts of digitalization to move as many administrative procedures as possible online and make them one stop and once only. Also, on December 25, 2020, the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications announced the Local Governments Digital Transformation (DX) Promotion Plan, and six legislative bills on digital reform were adopted on May 12, 2021. With these policies, local governments throughout Japan are mandated to standardize and commonize their information systems by March 31, 2026.

To respond to changes in the environment surrounding our customers, the Company set up a new Local Government DX Promotion Headquarters as of November 1, 2021, and is working to accelerate the planning and development of new products and services as well as to strengthen customer support including the collection and communication of the latest information.

Also in the current 1st Quarter, a joint proposal of clients of the Company (Misato Town and Kawajima Town, Saitama Pref.) was selected for the Government Cloud Predecessor Project procured by the Digital Agency of Japan. The Company began working on the Project with both towns as application vendor. We also continued conducting surveys, research and development on next-generation solutions through, for example, experimental projects with advanced organizations, to support the digitalization of administrative services.

5. Business activities and operating results of the Printing Business Division

The Group's Printing BD operates with the main focus on data print services (hereinafter, "DPS"), business form printing, and printing of commercial-use creative materials.

In the current 1st Quarter, net sales increased year-on-year thanks, in particular, to orders from local municipalities for printing of entry tickets for the election of members of the House of Representatives, vouchers under their COVID-19 vaccination projects, and notices for special cash payments for households raising children.

In the DPS area, the Company provides products to support local municipalities in their operations to send various notifications to residents and private enterprises in posting direct mails, etc., including products to eliminate document inserting/sealing tasks based on our unique pressure bonding technology and printed products using our variable printing/typing technologies.

In the area of business form printing, sales decreased year-on-year as a result of decline in demands for business forms in response to paperless trends and due to impacts of COVID-19 pandemic.

In the area of printing of commercial-use creative materials (catalogs, books, etc.), orders decreased due to the continued cancellation/postponement of events impacted by COVID-19 pandemic and with increase in web-based seminars. Meanwhile, net sales increased year-on-year thanks to orders for the printing of books and other materials explaining the new system under the Revised Electronic Books Maintenance Act and new invoicing system.

#### II. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Conditions

#### 1. Assets

Total assets as of the end of the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period amounted to 98,860 million yen, a 4,546 million yen decrease compared to 103,406 million yen as of the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

(1) Current assets

Current assets as of the end of the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period amounted to 32,979 million yen, a 3,128 million yen decrease compared to 36,107 million yen as of the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

This was mainly attributable to a decrease of 2,508 million yen in cash and deposits.

(2) Non-current assets

Non-current assets as of the end of the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period amounted to 65,880 million yen, a 1,417 million yen decrease compared to 67,298 million yen as of the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

This was mainly attributable to a decrease of 919 million yen in long-term deferred tax assets included in Other.

2. Liabilities

Total liabilities as of the end of the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period amounted to 16,450 million yen, a 3,539 million yen decrease compared to 19,990 million yen as of the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

(1) Current liabilities

Current liabilities as of the end of the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period amounted to 11,158 million yen, a 3,563 million yen decrease compared to 14,721 million yen as of the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

This was mainly attributable to a 2,582 million yen decrease in provisions for bonuses, and a 2,104 million yen decrease in income taxes payable, despite a 1,171 million yen increase in deposits received included in Other.

(2) Non-current liabilities

Non-current liabilities as of the end of the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period amounted to 5,292 million yen, a 23 million yen increase compared to 5,268 million yen as of the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

This was mainly attributable to an increase of 22 million yen in retirement benefit obligations.

3. Net assets

Total net assets as of the end of the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period amounted to 82,409 million yen, a 1,006 million yen decrease compared to 83,416 million yen as of the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

This was mainly attributable to an increase of 1,033 million yen in treasury stock.

Equity ratio as of the end of the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period was 83.4%, a 2.7 percentage point increase compared to the ratio of 80.7% as of the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

III. Operational and Financial Challenges Facing the TKC Group

There are no significant changes in challenges faced by the TKC Group during the current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period.

IV. Research and Development Activities

There were no research and development expenses spent by the TKC Group during the current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period.

There are no significant changes in the status of research and development activities of the TKC Group during the current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period.

#### 3 [Material Agreements, etc.]

There has been no decision or conclusion of material agreements, etc., during the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period.

#### Part 3 [Information on the Company]

#### 1 [Information on the Company's Stock]

- (1) [Total number of shares, etc.]
  - (i) [Total number of shares]

Class	Total number of shares authorized to be issued (shares)	
Common stock	120,000,000	
Total	120,000,000	

(ii) [Issued shares]

Class	Number of shares issued as of the end of 1st quarter accounting period (shares) (December 31, 2021)	Number of shares issued as of the filing date (shares) February 14, 2022	Name of stock exchange on which the Company is listed, or name of Authorized Financial Instruments Firms Association	Description
Common stock	53,462,066	53,462,066	First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange	Number of shares constituting a unit: 100 shares
Total	53,462,066	53,462,066	_	_

- (2) [Share subscription rights, etc.]
  - (i) [Stock option scheme]

None to be disclosed.

(ii) [Other share subscription rights, etc.]

None to be disclosed.

(3) [Exercise of bonds with share subscription rights containing a clause for exercise price adjustment, etc.]

None to be disclosed.

(4) [Changes in total number of issued shares, capital stock, etc.]

Date	Increase or decrease in total number of issued shares	Balance of total number of issued shares	Increase or decrease in capital stock	Balance of capital stock	Increase or decrease in capital reserve	Balance of capital reserve
	(shares)	(shares)	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)
October 1, 2021-		53,462,066		5,700		5,409
December 31, 2021	_	55,402,000	_	3,700	_	5,409

(5) [Major shareholders]

There is nothing applicable to be disclosed as the current quarter is the 1st quarter accounting period.

#### (6) [Status of voting rights]

The status of voting rights as of the end of the current 1st quarter accounting period indicated hereunder are based on the shareholders registry as of the most recent record date (September 30, 2021) because the content of the shareholders registry as of the end of the current 1st Quarter cannot be confirmed.

(i) [Shares issued]

				As of September 30, 2021
Classification	Number of shares	s (shares)	Number of voting rights (units)	Description
Shares without voting right		_	_	—
Shares with restricted voting right (treasury stock, etc.)		_	_	_
Shares with restricted voting right (others)		_	_	—
Shares with full voting right (treasury stock, etc.)	Common stock	529,100	_	_
Shares with full voting right (others)	Common stock	52,855,100	528,551	—
Shares less than one share unit	Common stock	77,866	_	_
Total number of issued shares		53,462,066	_	_
Total voting rights held by all shareholders		_	528,551	_

Shares with full voting right (others) includes 1,300 shares (13 units of voting rights) registered in the name of Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc., and 219,800 shares (2,198 units of voting rights) owned by the BIP Trust.

(ii) [Treasury stock, etc.]

As of September 30, 2021

Name of shareholder	Address of shareholder	Number of shares held under own name (shares)	Number of shares held under other names (shares)	Total shares held (shares)	Percentage of shares held to the total number of issued shares (%)
TKC Corporation	1758 Tsurutamachi, Utsunomiya-shi, Tochigi	529,100	_	529,100	0.99
Total	_	529,100	_	529,100	0.99

(Note) In addition to the above, the 219,800 shares owned by the BIP Trust are recorded as treasury stocks.

#### 2 [Officers]

There has been no change in the officers during the current quarter cumulative period since the date of submission of the Annual Securities Report for the previous fiscal year.

#### Part 4 [Financial Information]

#### 1. Method of Preparing Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements

The quarterly consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Ordinance on Terminology, Forms, and Preparation Methods of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (Cabinet Office Ordinance No.64 of 2007).

#### 2. Auditing and Attestation

The quarterly consolidated financial statements of the Company for the 1st quarter consolidated accounting period (from October 1, 2021, to December 31, 2021) and the 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (from October 1, 2021, to December 31, 2021) have received quarterly review by Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC pursuant to the provision of Article 193-2, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan.

## 1 [Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements]

#### (1) [Quarterly consolidated balance sheets]

	Previous consolidated fiscal year (September 30, 2021)	Current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period (December 31, 2021)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	26,426	23,918
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	6,973	
Notes, accounts receivable, and contract assets	_	6,911
Inventories	412	562
Other	2,309	1,597
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(14)	(9)
Total current assets	36,107	32,979
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures (net amount)	7,855	7,741
Land	6,802	6,802
Other (net amount)	2,882	2,798
Total property, plant and equipment	17,540	17,342
Intangible assets	3,605	3,690
Investments and other assets	,	
Investment securities	19,705	19,475
Long-term time deposits	16,600	16,600
Guarantee deposits	1,440	1,430
Other	8,406	7,329
Total investments and other assets	46,152	44,841
Total non-current assets	67,298	65,880
Total assets	103,406	98,860
Liabilities		,
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable-trade	2,402	2,034
Electronically recorded obligations-operating	834	858
Short-term loans payable	80	71
Accounts payable–other	3,034	2,660
Income taxes payable	2,211	100
Contract liabilities	_	498
Provisions for bonuses	4,073	1,491
Other	2,083	3,430
Total current liabilities	14,721	11,158
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term loans payable	214	214
Retirement benefit liabilities	3,554	3,570
Provisions for stocks payment	307	313
Other	1,192	1,187
Total non-current liabilities	5,268	5,292
Total liabilities	19,990	16,450

		(Unit: millions of yen)
	Previous consolidated fiscal year (September 30, 2021)	Current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period (December 31, 2021)
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Capital stock	5,700	5,700
Capital surplus	6,589	6,589
Retained earnings	73,411	73,549
Treasury stock	(1,352)	(2,385)
Total shareholders' equity	84,348	83,452
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	449	295
Accumulated remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(1,382)	(1,338)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	(932)	(1,042)
Total net assets	83,416	82,409
Total liabilities and net assets	103,406	98,860

#### (2) [Quarterly consolidated statements of income and quarterly consolidated statements of comprehensive income]

#### [Quarterly consolidated statements of income]

#### [1st quarter consolidated cumulative period]

Previous 1st quarter consolidated cumulative periodCurrent 1st quarter consolidated cumulative periodCurrent 1st quarter consolidated cumulative periodNet sales14,83715,292Cost of sales4,2954,348Gross profit10,54210,943Selling, general and administrative expenses7,8717,852Operating income2,6703,091Non-operating income1116Dividends income1218Land and house rent received1213Other38168Total non-operating income145151Non-operating income00Other3818Total non-operating income00Total non-operating expenses00Interest expenses00Total non-operating expenses00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary income00Extraordinary income011Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-defered834967Total income taxes1			(Unit: millions of yen)
Cost of sales     4,295     4,348       Gross profit     10,542     10,943       Selling, general and administrative expenses     7,871     7,852       Operating income     2,670     3,091       Non-operating income     11     16       Dividends income     11     16       Dividends income     12     18       Land and house rent received     12     13       Other     38     18       Total non-operating income     0     0       Interest expenses     0     0       Ordinary income     2,816     3,242       Extraordinary income     0     0     0       Otat non-operating expenses     0     0     0       Interest expenses     0     0     0     0       Otat non-operating expenses     0     0     0     0     0       Interest expenses     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0 <td< td=""><td></td><td>cumulative period (Started October 1, 2020;</td><td>cumulative period (Started October 1, 2021;</td></td<>		cumulative period (Started October 1, 2020;	cumulative period (Started October 1, 2021;
Gross profit     10,542     10,943       Selling, general and administrative expenses     7,871     7,852       Operating income     2,670     3,091       Non-operating income     11     16       Dividends income     70     83       Insurance dividends income     12     18       Land and house rent received     12     13       Other     38     18       Total non-operating income     0     0       Interest expenses     0     0       Interest expenses     0     0       Interest expenses     0     0       Interest expenses     0     0       Grains on sale of non-current assets     0     0       Gains on sale of non-current assets     0     0       Gains on sale of non-current assets     0     1       Total extraordinary income     0     1       Gains on sale of non-current assets     0     1       Total extraordinary income     0     1       Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments     2,815     3,241 <td>Net sales</td> <td>14,837</td> <td>15,292</td>	Net sales	14,837	15,292
Selling, general and administrative expenses $7,871$ $7,852$ Operating income $2,670$ $3,091$ Non-operating income1116Dividends income1218Land and house rent received1213Other $38$ 18Total non-operating income145151Non-operating expenses00Interset expenses00Ordiary income $2,816$ $3,242$ Extraordinary income00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary income00Interset expenses00Interset expenses00Ordiary income00Gains on sale of non-current assets00Insol extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Income taxes-deferred834967Total extraordinary losses9411,013Quarterly net income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Cost of sales	4,295	4,348
Operating income2,6703,091Non-operating income1116Dividends income7083Insurance dividends income1218Land and house rent received1213Other3818Total non-operating income145151Non-operating expenses00Interest expenses00Total non-operating expenses00Ordinary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income00Cost on retirement of non-current assets01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments01Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income9411,013	Gross profit	10,542	10,943
Non-operating income1116Dividends income7083Insurance dividends income1218Land and house rent received1213Other3818Total non-operating income145151Non-operating expenses00Interest expenses00Total non-operating expenses00Ordinary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income00Cains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Selling, general and administrative expenses	7,871	7,852
Interest income1116Dividends income7083Insurance dividends income1218Land and house rent received1213Other3818Total non-operating income145151Non-operating expenses00Interest expenses00Total non-operating expenses0Otal non-operating expenses00Total non-operating expenses00Ordinary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income00Gains on sale of non-current assets00Cost on retirement of non-current assets01Total extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Operating income	2,670	3,091
Instruction1013Dividends income1218Land and house rent received1213Other3818Total non-operating income145151Non-operating expenses00Interest expenses00Treasury stock acquisition expenses-0Or Total non-operating expenses00Or Total extraordinary income00Cains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Non-operating income		
Insurance dividends income1218Land and house rent received1213Other3818Total non-operating income145151Non-operating expenses00Interest expenses-0Otal non-operating expenses-0Otal non-operating expenses00Ordiary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income00Gains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income9411,013Quarterly net income18,732,228	Interest income	11	16
Land and house rent received1213Other3818Total non-operating income145151Non-operating expenses00Interest expenses00Treasury stock acquisition expenses0Total non-operating expenses00Ordinary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income00Gains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Dividends income	70	83
Other3818Total non-operating income145151Non-operating expenses00Interest expenses00Treasury stock acquisition expenses-0Total non-operating expenses00Ordinary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income00Gains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Insurance dividends income	12	18
Total non-operating income145151Non-operating expenses00Interest expenses00Treasury stock acquisition expenses-0Total non-operating expenses00Ordinary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income00Gains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses00Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Total extraordinary losses01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228			
Non-operating expensesInterest expenses0Treasury stock acquisition expenses-O0Total non-operating expenses0Ordinary income2,816Extraordinary income0Gains on sale of non-current assets0Total extraordinary income0Extraordinary income0Total extraordinary income0Coss on retirement of non-current assets0Total extraordinary losses0Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,815Income taxes-current106Income taxes-deferred834Quarterly net income941Income taxes941Quarterly net income2,873Z,228		38	18
Interest expenses00Treasury stock acquisition expenses-0Total non-operating expenses00Ordinary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income00Gains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Total non-operating income	145	151
Treasury stock acquisition expenses-0Total non-operating expenses00Ordinary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income-0Gains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary income00Total extraordinary income00Total extraordinary income01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228			
Total non-operating expenses00Ordinary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income00Gains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228		0	0
Ordinary income2,8163,242Extraordinary income00Gains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Total extraordinary losses01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Treasury stock acquisition expenses		0
Extraordinary incomeGains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Total extraordinary losses01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Total non-operating expenses	0	0
Gains on sale of non-current assets00Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Total extraordinary losses01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Ordinary income	2,816	3,242
Total extraordinary income00Extraordinary losses01Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Total extraordinary losses01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Extraordinary income		
Extraordinary lossesLoss on retirement of non-current assets0Total extraordinary losses0Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,815Income taxes-current106Income taxes-deferred834Total income taxes941Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Gains on sale of non-current assets	0	0
Loss on retirement of non-current assets01Total extraordinary losses01Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Total extraordinary income	0	0
Total extraordinary losses0Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,815Income taxes-current106Income taxes-deferred834Total income taxes941Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Extraordinary losses		
Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments2,8153,241Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Loss on retirement of non-current assets	0	1
Income taxes-current10645Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Total extraordinary losses	0	1
Income taxes-deferred834967Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Quarterly net income before taxes and adjustments	2,815	3,241
Total income taxes9411,013Quarterly net income1,8732,228	Income taxes-current	106	45
Quarterly net income     1,873     2,228	Income taxes-deferred	834	967
	Total income taxes	941	1,013
Quarterly net income attributable to owners of parent1,8732,228	Quarterly net income	1,873	2,228
	Quarterly net income attributable to owners of parent	1,873	2,228

#### [Quarterly consolidated statements of comprehensive income]

[1st quarter consolidated cumulative period]

[1st quarter consondated cumulative period]		
		(Unit: millions of yen)
	Previous 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (Started October 1, 2020; ended December 31, 2020)	Current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (Started October 1, 2021; ended December 31, 2021)
Quarterly net income	1,873	2,228
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	296	(154)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	42	43
Total other comprehensive income	339	(110)
Quarterly comprehensive income	2,213	2,117
(Breakdown)		
Quarterly comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	2,213	2,117

#### [Notes to Financial Statements]

#### (Changes in Accounting Policies)

The Company has decided to apply the Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement (ASBJ Statement No. 30, July 4, 2019) (hereinafter, "Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard") etc., from the beginning of the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period. Further, in accordance with the transitional measures set forth in Section 19 of said Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard and Section 44-2 of the Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments (ASBJ Statement No. 10, July 4, 2019), the Company will apply the new accounting policies under the Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard, etc. in the future. There are no impacts on the quarterly consolidated financial statements.

#### (Additional Information)

(Application of Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard, etc.)

The Company applies the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020) (hereinafter, "Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard") etc. from the beginning of the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period.

As a result of applying the Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard, "Notes and accounts receivable-trade" under "Current assets" in the consolidated balance sheets for the previous consolidated fiscal year will be included and presented under "Notes, accounts receivable, and contract assets" from the current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period, and "Contract liabilities" that was included in "Other" under "Current liabilities" will be presented as an independent item. Note that, in accordance with the transitional measures set forth in Section 89-4 of the Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard, the figures for the previous consolidated fiscal year have not been restated based on the new presentation method.

Moreover, in accordance with the transitional measures set forth in Section 28-15 of the Accounting Standard for the Quarterly Financial Reporting (ASBJ Statement No. 12, March 31, 2020), information on disaggregation of revenue from contracts with clients in the previous 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period is not presented herein.

(Stock-based compensation plan for officers)

1. Outline of transaction

Based on the resolution of the Board of Directors' Meeting held on October 31, 2018, followed by approval at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on December 21, 2018, the Company introduced a stock-based compensation plan called "BIP Trust." The objectives of the plan are to clarify the linkage between the Company's shareholder value and the remuneration for Directors, etc. and to motivate Directors, etc. to contribute more to enhancing the medium- to long-term corporate value by sharing common interest with shareholders, including not only the merit derived from the rising share price, but also the risk associated with the decline in share price.

The proposal to change the stock-based compensation plan for Directors, etc. (excluding Directors not holding executive positions) and Full-time Auditors to performance-linked compensation has been deliberated by the Nomination and Compensation Advisory Committee whose chairperson and half of the members are independent Outside Directors and outside experts, and approved at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on December 20, 2019.

2. Stocks of the Company remaining in trust

The stocks of the Company remaining in trust are recorded as treasury stock under net assets with the book values in the trust (not including expenses attributable thereto). The book value of said treasury stocks was 434 million yen for 219,800 shares as of the end of this current 1st quarter consolidated accounting period.

(Application of tax effect accounting for the transition from the consolidated taxation system to Group tax sharing system)

Based on the treatment set forth under Item 3 of the Treatment of Tax Effect Accounting for the Transition from the Consolidated Taxation System to Group Tax Sharing System (Practical Solution No. 39, March 31, 2020), the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries do not implement the provisions of Paragraph 44 of the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting (ASBJ Guidance No. 28, February 16, 2018) for items that were transitioned to the group tax sharing system which was established in the Law for Partial Revisions to the Income Tax Act, etc. (Law No. 8 of 2020) and items that were revised under the non-consolidated taxation system in line with the transition to the group tax sharing system. The amounts of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are based on the provisions of the Tax Act prior to revisions.

(Notes to the quarterly consolidated statements of cash flows)

The Company does not prepare the quarterly consolidated statements of cash flows for the current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period. The depreciation (including depreciation of intangible assets) for the current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period is as follows:

	Previous 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period	Current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period
	(Started October 1, 2020; ended December 31, 2020)	(Started October 1, 2021; ended December 31, 2021)
Depreciation	727 million yen	721 million yen

(Notes to shareholders' equity, etc.)

I. Previous 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (Started October 1, 2020; ended December 31, 2020)

#### Dividend payments

Dividend payments

Resolution	Class of shares	Total amount of cash dividends (millions of yen)	share (yen)	Record date	Effective date	Source of dividends
December 18, 2020						
Ordinary General	Common et al	1,720	(5	Santanih an 20, 2020	December 21, 2020	Retained
Meeting of	Common stock	1,720	65	September 30, 2020	December 21, 2020	earnings
Shareholders						

- (Notes) 1. The total amount of cash dividends determined by resolution of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on December 18, 2020, includes a cash dividend of 12 million yen to the stocks of the Company owned by the BIP Trust.
  - 2. The Company conducted a stock split of its common shares at a ratio of 1:2 as of April 1, 2021. The dividend per share shows the amount prior to the stock split.
  - II. Current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (Started October 1, 2021; ended December 31, 2021)

Dividend	payments					
Resolution	Class of shares	Total amount of cash dividends (millions of yen)	share (yen)	Record date	Effective date	Source of dividends
December 17, 2021 Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders	Common stock	2,090	39.50	September 30, 2021	December 20, 2021	Retained earnings

(Note) The total amount of cash dividends determined by resolution of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on December 17, 2021, includes a cash dividend of 8 million yen to the stocks of the Company owned by the BIP Trust. (Segment information, etc.)

[Segment information]

I. Previous 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (Started October 1, 2020; ended December 31, 2020)
Information on net sales and profit or loss for each reportable segment

information on net sules and pro-			8		(Unit:	millions of yen)
		Reportable		Amounts in quarterly		
	Accounting Firm BD	Local Governmen ts BD	Printing BD	Total	Adjustments (Note 1)	consolidated statements of income (Note 2)
Net sales						
(1) Sales to outside customers	10,631	3,523	683	14,837	_	14,837
(2) Inter-segment sales or transfers	2	0	295	297	(297)	_
Total	10,633	3,523	978	15,134	(297)	14,837
Segment profit (loss)	2,632	212	(170)	2,673	(2)	2,670

(Notes) 1. Adjustments of segment loss of 2 million yen include amounts for elimination of inter-segment transactions and adjustment of inventory assets.

2. Segment profit (loss) is adjusted with the operating profit presented in the quarterly consolidated statements of income.

II. Current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (Started October 1, 2021; ended December 31, 2021)

1. Information on net sales and profit or loss for each reportable segment

	•		C		(Unit:	millions of yen)
	Reportable segment					Amounts in quarterly
	Accounting Firm BD	Local Governmen ts BD	Printing BD	Total	Adjustments (Note 1)	consolidated statements of income (Note 2)
Net sales						
(1) Sales to outside customers	10,638	3,907	746	15,292	_	15,292
(2) Inter-segment sales or transfers	0	0	383	384	(384)	_
Total	10,639	3,907	1,130	15,677	(384)	15,292
Segment profit (loss)	2,807	354	(62)	3,098	(7)	3,091

(Notes) 1. Adjustments of segment loss of 7 million yen include amounts for elimination of inter-segment transactions and adjustment of inventory assets.

2. Segment profit (loss) is adjusted with the operating profit presented in the quarterly consolidated statements of income.

(Revenue Recognition)

Net sales of the Company are primarily revenue recognized from contracts with clients. The Company's reportable segments can be disaggregated into the following goods and services:

(Unit: millions of ven)

Current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (Started October 1, 2021; ended December 31, 2021)

		Int. Infinitions of year)		
	Accounting Firm BD	Local Governments BD	Printing BD	Total
Revenue from computer services	3,716	1,850	_	5,566
Software sales	4,288	1,166	_	5,455
Revenue from consulting	1,680	214	_	1,895
Office equipment sales	686	675	_	1,361
Accounting supplies sales	266	_	_	266
Revenue from printing-related services	_	—	746	746
Sales to outside customers	10,638	3,907	746	15,292

(Earnings per share information)

The amount of quarterly net income per share and the basis for the calculation thereof are as follows:

	Previous 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (Started October 1, 2020; ended December 31, 2020)	Current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (Started October 1, 2021; ended December 31, 2021)
Quarterly net income per share	35.64 yen	42.41 yen
(Basis for calculation)		
Quarterly net income attributable to owners of parent (millions of yen)	1,873	2,228
Amount not attributable to common shareholders (millions of yen)	-	_
Quarterly net income from common stocks attributable to owners of parent (millions of yen)	1,873	2,228
Average number of common stocks outstanding (hundreds of shares)	525,627	525,435

(Notes) 1. The average number of stocks outstanding used in the calculation of earnings per share information has been determined by including the stocks of the Company owned by the BIP Trust (which has been established with the introduction of the BIP Trust plan) as deductible treasury stocks.
The average numbers of said treasury stocks outstanding deducted for the calculation of quarterly net income per share were 371,683 shares for the previous 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period, and 219,800 shares for the current 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period.

2. The quarterly diluted net income per share is not stated as there were no dilutive shares.

3. The Company conducted a stock split of its common shares at a ratio of 1:2 as of April 1, 2021. The quarterly net income per share has been calculated assuming that the stock split was conducted at the beginning of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

(Material subsequent events)

None to be disclosed.

2 [Other]

None to be disclosed.

## Section 2 [Information on Guarantors, etc. of the Company]

None to be disclosed.

**TKC** Corporation

To: The Board of Directors

Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC Tokyo Office

Designated Limited Liability Partner Engagement Partner

Designated Limited Liability Partner Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Auditor's Conclusion

Pursuant to Article 193-2, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, we have conducted a quarterly review of the quarterly consolidated financial statements presented in the Financial Information section, which comprise the quarterly consolidated balance sheets, the quarterly consolidated statements of income, the quarterly consolidated statements of comprehensive income, and notes of TKC Corporation applicable to the 1st quarter consolidated accounting period (from October 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021) and the 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period (from October 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021) of the consolidated fiscal year started October 1, 2021 and ending September 30, 2022.

Based on our quarterly review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the quarterly consolidated financial statements referred to above do not properly represent, in all material respects, the financial position of TKC Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021, and their financial performance for the 1st quarter consolidated cumulative period then ended in conformity with accounting principles of quarterly consolidated financial statements generally accepted in Japan.

Basis for Auditor's Conclusion

We conducted our quarterly review in accordance with quarterly review standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards for quarterly reviews are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Quarterly Review of the Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries in accordance with the code of professional ethics in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities as the auditors. We believe that we have obtained evidence to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management, Corporate Auditors and Board of Auditors for the Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements in accordance with the principles for the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements generally accepted in Japan. Responsibilities include those for designing and operating such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the quarterly consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern in accordance with the principles for the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements generally accepted in Japan.

Corporate auditors and the Board of Auditors are responsible for overseeing the execution of duties by Directors in designing and implementing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Quarterly Review of the Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the quarterly consolidated financial statements in our quarterly review

February 14, 2022

report from an independent standpoint based on our quarterly review.

In accordance with the quarterly review standards generally accepted in Japan, we perform the following by exercising professional judgment and maintaining professional skepticism throughout the quarterly review.

- We principally make inquiries to management and persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and perform analytical procedures and other quarterly review procedures. The quarterly review procedure is a limited procedure compared to the procedure of auditing the annual financial statements performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan.
- If we determine that a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, we conclude, based on the evidence obtained, whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the quarterly consolidated financial statements are not properly presented in accordance with principles for the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements generally accepted in Japan. If we conclude that such material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our quarterly review report to the related notes in the quarterly consolidated financial statements or, if such notes about the material uncertainty are inadequate, to express a conclusion with limitations or negative conclusion on the quarterly consolidated financial statements. Our conclusions are based on the evidence obtained up to the date of our quarterly review report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the presentation and notes of the quarterly consolidated financial statements are not in accordance with principles for the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements generally accepted in Japan; and whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the overall presentation, structure and content of the quarterly consolidated financial statements, including the related notes thereto, nor the quarterly consolidated financial statements do not represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We obtain evidence regarding the financial information of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries to express a conclusion on the quarterly consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the quarterly review of the quarterly consolidated financial statements. We remain solely responsible for our conclusion.

We communicate with corporate auditors and the Board of Auditors regarding the planned scope and timing of the quarterly review and significant findings therein.

We also provide corporate auditors and the Board of Auditors with a statement that we have complied with regulations on professional ethics in Japan regarding independence, and communicate with them all matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards to eliminate or mitigate factors that may hinder our independence.

#### Conflicts of Interest

Our firm or its engagement partners have no interest in the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries which should be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

End of document

(Notes) 1. The original copy of the above quarterly review report is stored by TKC Corporation (the Company filing this quarterly report).

2. XBRL data is not included in the scope of this quarterly review.

## [Front Cover]

[Document filed]	Confirmation Letter
[Applicable law]	Article 24-4-8, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan
[Filed with]	Director of Kanto Local Finance Bureau
[Date filed]	February 14, 2022
[Company name]	Kabushiki Kaisha TKC
[Company name in English]	TKC Corporation
[Title and name of representative]	Masanori Iizuka, Representative Director, President and Executive Officer
[Title and name of Chief Financial Officer]	Kiyotsugu Nakanishi, Director, Managing Executive Officer, Chief of the Business Administration Headquarters
[Address of head office]	1758 Tsurutamachi, Utsunomiya-shi, Tochigi
[Place available for public inspection]	TKC Corporation, Tokyo Head Office
	(2-1 Ageba-cho, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo)
	Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc.
	(2-1 Nihonbashikabutocho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo)

#### 1 [Matters Related to Adequacy of Statements Contained in the Quarterly Report]

Masanori Iizuka, Representative Director, President and Executive Officer of the Company and Kiyotsugu Nakanishi, Chief Financial Officer of the Company hereby confirm that the statements contained in the quarterly report for the 1st quarter of the 56th term (started October 1, 2021; ended December 31, 2021) are adequate under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan.

2 [Special Notes]

None to be disclosed.